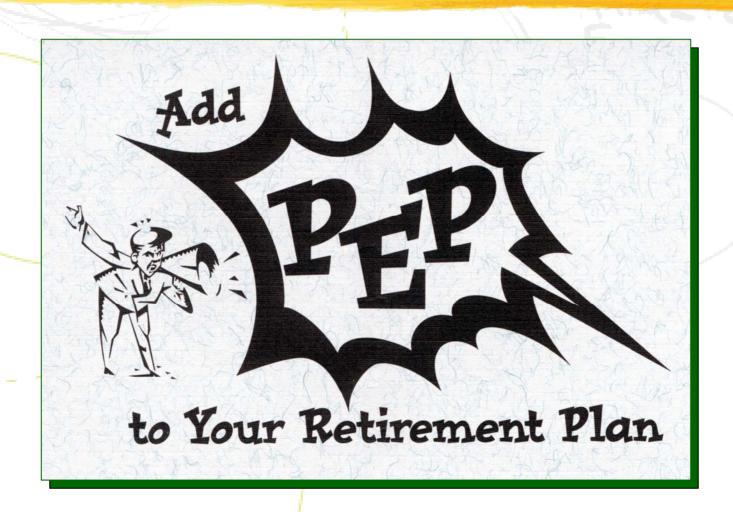
NDPERS



What is PEP

- PEP allows you to vest in the employer contribution to the defined benefit plan for purposes of a cash distribution benefit
- When vested your contribution is added to your account balance in the defined benefit plan
- The result is increased portability

Let's Talk this Out

- To Understand This Better Lets Talk
 - What is portability
 - How PERS presently works
 - How PERS will work with PEP
 - The advantages of PEP
 - The disadvantage of PEP
 - How to start PEP

What Is Portability

- Portability is the ability to "carry" your retirement benefit from one employer to another
- Portability has 3 features
 - Portability of benefits Vesting
 - Portability of service Yes
 - Portability of assets Cash Benefit

What Is Portability

- PERS Did A Study Of This Issue At The Direction Of The Legislature And Found That PERS Has:
 - Good Portability Of Benefits
 - Good Portability Of Service
 - Partial Portability Of Assets

What Is Portability

 The Reason For Only Partial Portability Is Because Of The Way The PERS Plan Presently Works

How PERS Presently Works

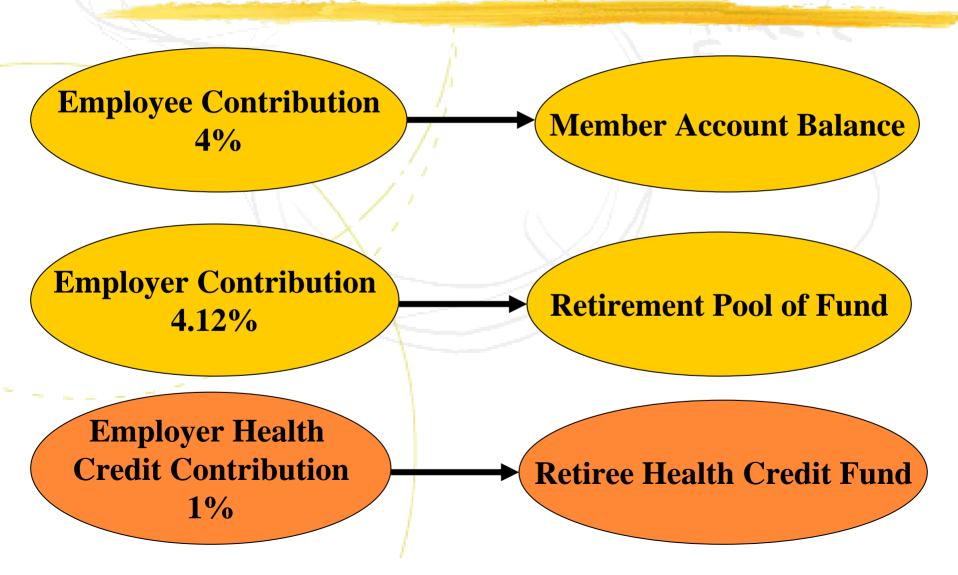
- There Are Two Basic Options A Member Presently Has At Termination Of Employment
 - A Member Can Withdraw Their Account Balance
 - A Vested Member Can Elect To Draw A
 Benefit Based Upon The Formula (FAS*YOS*2.00%)

How PERS Presently Works

- What Is The Account Balance?
 - The Account Balance Is Presently The Employee Contribution Of 4% Plus Interest At 7.5%



Contribution Allocation



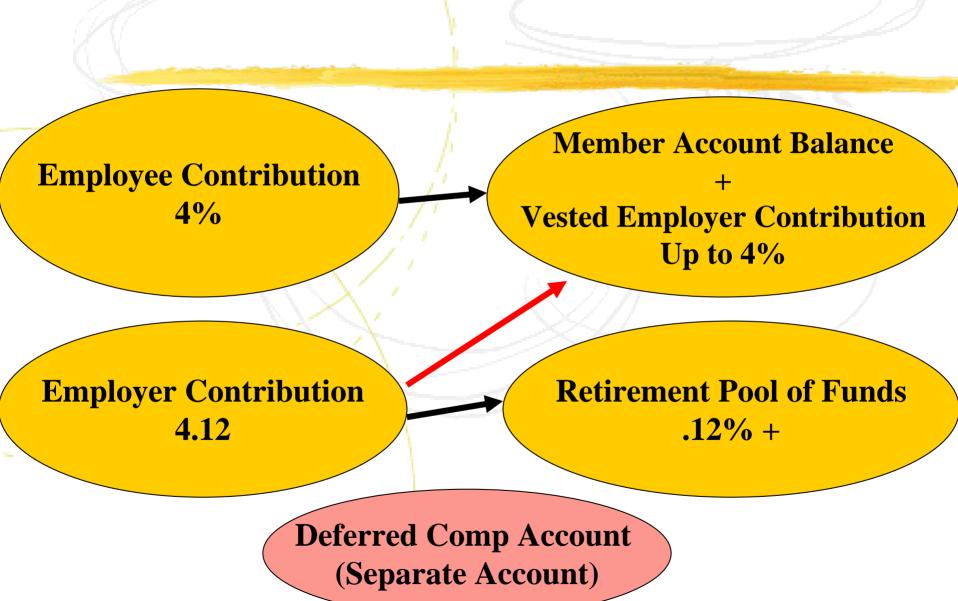
How PERS Presently Works

Salary	Employee Contribution	Account Balance	
\$20,000	\$800	\$ 833	
\$21,000	\$840	\$1,773	
\$21,630	\$865	\$2,812	
\$22,279	\$891	\$3,958	
\$22,947	\$918	\$5,221	

^{*}These examples assume the following:

- 5 years participation
- 5% salary increase after the 1st year
- 3% salary increase each following year
- 7.5% annual interest, compounded monthly

Contribution Allocation With PEP



How PERS Will Work With PEP

 If PEP is added to your defined benefit plan you can now vest in the employer contribution and it is added to your account balance

How PERS Will Work With PEP

- How Do You Vest In The Employer Contribution And Get It Added To Your Account Balance?
 - For Every Dollar You Put In A Deferred Comp Plan PERS Will Add One Dollar To Your Defined Benefit Plan Account Balance According To The Vesting Schedule

Employer Contribution Vesting Schedule (PEP)

Service Credit	Minimum	Maximum
0-12 Months	\$25	1%
13-24 Months	\$25	2%
25-36 Months	\$25	3%
37+ Months	\$25	4%

How PERS Will Work With PEP

Salary	Employee Contribution	Account Balance Without PEP	457/403(b) Contribution	Account Balance With PEP
\$20,000	\$800	\$833	\$300	\$1,146
\$21,000	\$840	\$1,773	\$420	\$2,547
\$21,630	\$865	\$2,812	\$649	\$4,4097
\$22,279	\$891	\$3,958	\$891	\$6,271
\$22,947	\$918	\$5,221	\$918	\$8,670

^{*}These examples assume the following:

- 5 years participation
- 5% salary increase after the 1st year
- 3% salary increase each following year
- 7.5% annual interest, compounded monthly



Advantages Of PEP

- Makes The Employer Contribution Portable
- Increases The Cash Value Of Your Retirement Account Balance
- Increases The Estate Value Of Your Retirement Plan For Your Beneficiaries
- Promotes Supplemental Savings

Disadvantages Of PEP

NOME

How To Start PEP

- Enroll In An Approved Deferred Comp Plan
- If You Are Already Enrolled Continue And If You're Not At The Maximum Consider Increasing Your

Contribution

What is Deferred Comp

- Supplemental Retirement Plan under IRC 457 or 403(b)
- Allows You To Invest On A Pre-Tax Basis
- You Choose How To Invest Your Contribution

PERS Deferred Comp Plan

- The Plan Offers
 - 11 Providers (See PERS Web Site)
 - 250 + Investment Options
 - Over 175 Agents Statewide
 - Annuities And Mutual Funds

PERS Deferred Comp Plan

- PERS Also Offers An Option Known As The "PERS Companion Plan"
- PERS Board Selects And Monitors Investments Offered
- Is A PERS Trust Fund

PERS Deferred Comp Plan

- Other Approved Providers Offered Are Eligible For PEP
- Other Providers Are Responsible For Selecting And Monitoring Their Own Investment Options
- Assets Are Held In An Insurance Annuity Contract Or Custodial Account

Plan For The Future!

Add Pep To Your Retirement And Feel Good Knowing You Are Planning For Your Financial Future

NDPERS

